

Mobile Self Organisation through the SATIN Component Model

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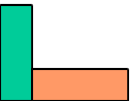
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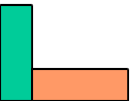
Outline

- Background
- Component Model
- Middleware System
- Implementation
- Related Work
- Future Work
- Conclusion



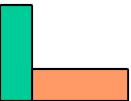
Trends in (Mobile) Computing (Hardware)

- They are getting faster
- They are getting connected
- They are getting smaller
- They are getting everywhere



Trends in (Mobile) Computing (Software)

- Not much innovation
- Monolithic apps
- Lack of middleware
- Static apps



Trends in (Mobile) Computing (Example)

1997:

US Robotics Pilot 1000



128KB 16MHz Serial
160x160BW

2003:

Palm Tungsten T3



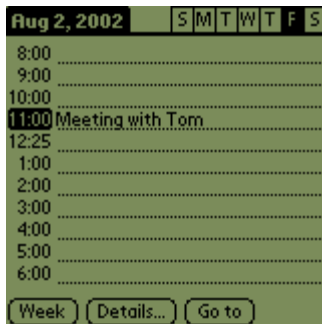
64MB 400MHz
Serial/USB/Bluetooth/Infrared
320x480 24bit, Sound, Expansion



Trends in (Mobile) Computing (Example)

1997:

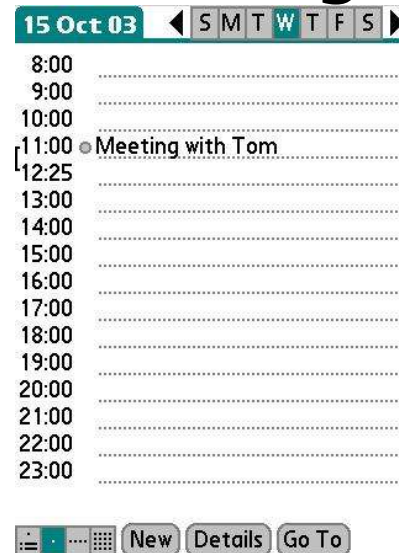
US Robotics Pilot 1000



PalmOS 1.0 (DateBook)

2003:

Palm Tungsten T3



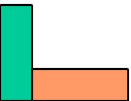
PalmOS 5.2 (Calendar)

The Mobile Environment

- Limitations (compared to traditional computing)
 - Memory, battery power, CPU power, erratic (expensive) connectivity
 - Improving but lagging still
- Different usage paradigms
 - Input/output
 - Speed, ease of use, frequent but brief usage
 - E.g. Check schedule
 - Reports show that users rarely install applications on mobile devices
 - Applications need to cater to users' needs throughout the device's lifetime

A Dynamic Environment

- Heterogeneity!
 - Device/Hardware (Physical)
 - Software (Logical)
 - Network
- Changes to the environment
 - => Changes to application requirements.



Self - Organisation

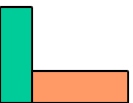
- System adaptation to accommodate changes to its requirements
- Suitability for mobility
- Allows systems to gain new functionality
 - Reacting to changes
- Approaches
 - Expert Systems
 - Genetic Algorithms

Logical Mobility

- Ability to send parts of an application (or migrate/clone a process) to another host
- Popularised by Java
- Classification into paradigms
 - Client/Server (CS)
 - Remote Evaluation (REV)
 - Code on Demand (COD)
 - Mobile Agents (MA)
- Various middleware (mobile & stationary) systems exploit this

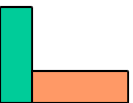
Components

- Component = functionality
- Coarse-grained guide
- Monolithism vs Componentisation
- Collocation vs Distribution
 - Complexity
 - Size
 - Networking
 - Autonomy



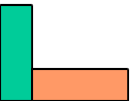
SATIN

- System Adaptation Targeting Integrated Networks
- Component Model & Middleware
- Minimal Footprint
- Interaction & Autonomy



Component Model Outline

- Local Component Model
- Distribution Built into the Model
 - But not components
 - Using Logical Mobility
- Applications and the system itself are components



Components

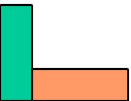
- Encapsulation of functionality
- Facets
- Properties & Attributes
 - Extensible
 - Heterogeneity (Debian)
 - Identifier, Versioning, Dependencies
 - <ID, "identifier">
 - <VER, version number>
 - <DEP, dependencies>

Container

- Component Specialisation
- Registry/host of components
 - References to all components
- One on each instance
- Dynamic Registration/Removal (delegated)
 - Registrars can have different policies
- Listeners/Custom Notification

Distribution

- Logical Mobility Entity (LME)
 - Generalisation of class, object, data, component
- Logical Mobility Unit (LMU)
 - Composition of LMEs
 - Attributes & Properties
 - Handler
 - Fine grained mobility



Reflective Components

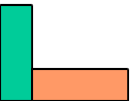
- Component Specialisation
- Components that can be changed
 - LMU Recipients
 - The Container is Reflective
 - Inspect LMUs
 - Acceptance
 - Rejection
 - Partial Acceptance
 - Handler Instantiation

Deployer

- Component Specialisation
- At least one in each instance
 - Advertised
- Abstracting sending/receiving/requesting LMUs
- Uses attributes for matching
- Synchronous and Asynchronous primitives
 - Operation Formalised using Mobile Unity

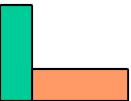
Middleware

- Fully componentised
- Advertising & Discovery
 - Advertisable Components
 - Advertising message
 - Advertiser Components
 - Register Advertisable Components
 - Discovery Components
 - Listeners / Notification



Logical Mobility

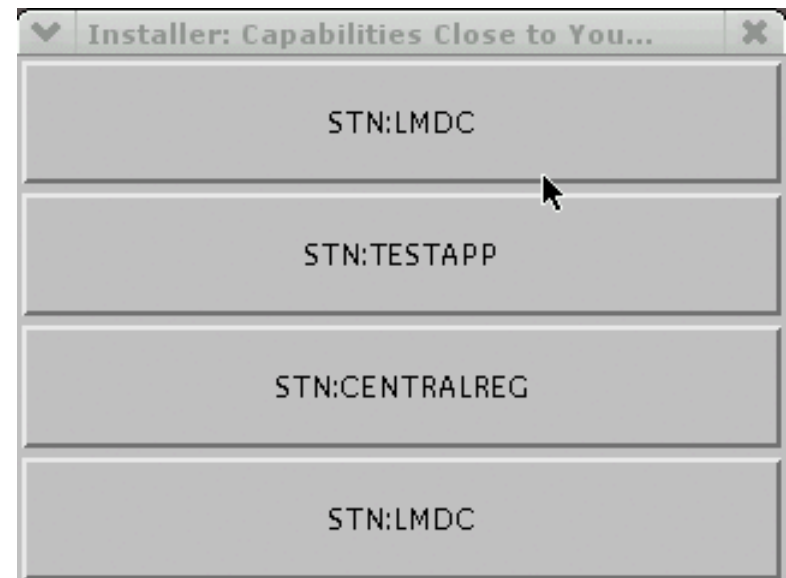
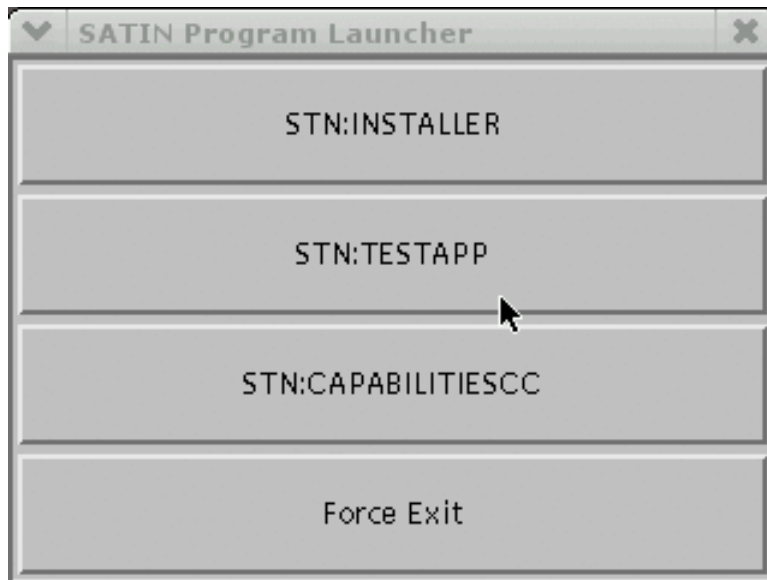
- Finer Grained
- Not only Components, but Classes/Objects
 - Patching
- Logical Mobility as a computational paradigm



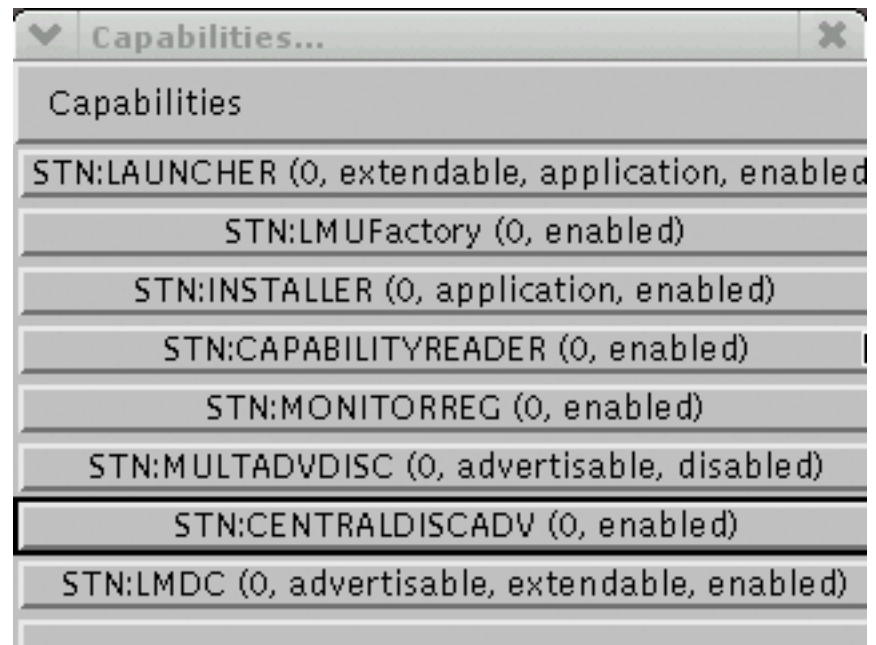
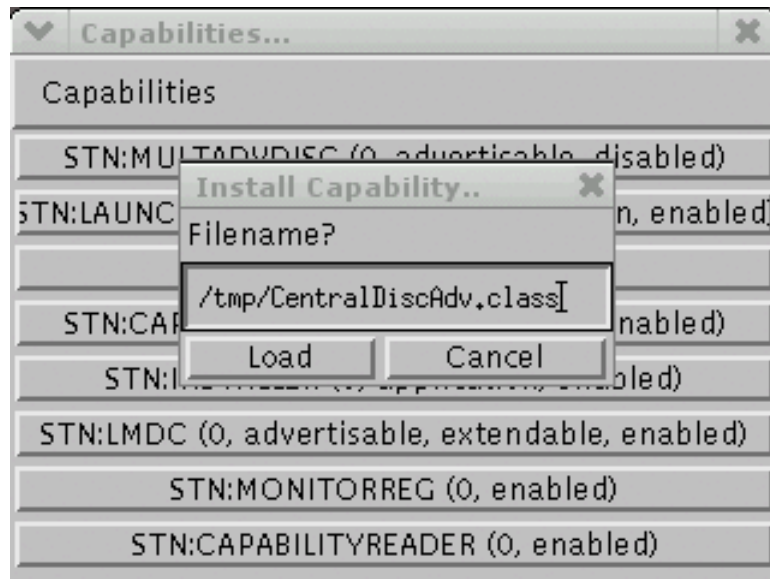
Example Application: Dynamic Launcher

- Similar in Functionality to PDA Launchers
- Installs Components from multiple sources
 - Centralised Source, p2p...
 - Uses any discovery components installed to find components available
 - Uses Deployer to request and receive components
- Transparent update
 - Using any Discovery components installed and Deployer to find and install updates

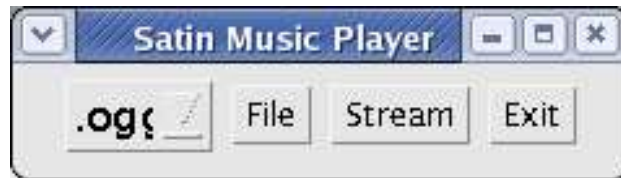
Dynamic Launcher [2]



Dynamic Launcher [3]



Example Application: Music Player



Example Application: Scripting Framework

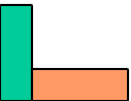
```
--Initialising the Container--  
--Container (ID=STN:CONTAINER,FACETS=Discovery,VER=1)  
  initialised--  
--Creating Self--  
--Registering Self (ID=STN:SHELL)--  
--This is SATIN version 0.8--  
--Running on Linux 2.6.5-1.358 / i386--  
--Hostname: hamsalad.cs.ucl.ac.uk--  
--Java 1.4.2_04 / Sun Microsystems Inc.--  
--A reference to the container will be made available via the  
  object reference container--  
--Starting the beanshell...--  
BeanShell 2.0b1.1 - by Pat Niemeyer (pat@pat.net)  
bsh % Component c=container.getComponent(``STN:SHELL'');
```

Some Numbers

- J2ME cdc personal profile
- 84KB jar
- Dynamic Launcher
 - 22KB jar
 - Startup Time on PDA: 21 seconds
 - Memory Usage on PDA: 1155KB
 - Update to PDA from peer: 2063 ms
- Music Player
 - 3.6KB jar application
 - 105KB jar codec
- SATIN Scripting Framework
 - 280.6KB jar

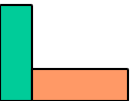
Related Work

- Logical Mobility Middleware
 - Limited Use of LM
 - System Reconfiguration (UIC, ReMMoC)
 - Too Specific (Lime, PeerWare, Jini, XMIDDLE)
 - Not geared for mobility
 - Disconnections pre-announced (Fargo-DA)
 - Fixed advertising and discovery (one.world)



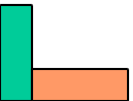
Related Work (2)

- Component Model Systems
 - Distributed ones unsuitable
 - Large
 - No autonomy (P2PComp, PCOM)
 - Local Component Models
 - Heterogeneity
 - Some make a distinction between Component providers and consumers (Beanome/OSGi)



Future Work

- Applications
- Integration with CARISMA
- PhD Thesis ?



Conclusion

- The SATIN Component model
 - Distribution as a service
 - Attributes for heterogeneity
 - Applications & System: interconnected local components
 - Reconfiguration of Local Components
- The SATIN Middleware System
 - Componentised Middleware (Advertising and Discovery)
 - Logical Mobility as a Computational Primitive
- Security?

